Package: dataverifyr (via r-universe)

October 6, 2024

Type Pa	ckage
	Lightweight, Flexible, and Fast Data Validation Package that In Handle All Sizes of Data
Version	0.1.8
giv po ^r and	wen dataset. The package acts as a thin wrapper around more werful data packages such as 'dplyr', 'data.table', 'arrow', d 'DBI' ('SQL'), which do the heavy lifting.
License	MIT + file LICENSE
URL ht	tps://github.com/DavZim/dataverifyr,
ht	tps://davzim.github.io/dataverifyr/
BugRep	orts https://github.com/DavZim/dataverifyr/issues
Imports	yaml
	s arrow, data.table, DBI, dplyr, dbplyr, duckdb, RSQLite, atthat (>= 3.0.0)
Config/to	estthat/edition 3
Encodin	g UTF-8
LazyDat	ta true
Roxygen	\mathbf{n} list(markdown = TRUE)
Roxygen	Note 7.2.3
Reposito	ory https://nmrgroup.r-universe.dev
Remotel	Url https://github.com/DavZim/dataverifyr
Remotel	Ref HEAD
RemoteS	Sha 8b6a645329b74044bd188884b7582a8578ac2c7b
Conte	ents
	bind_rules

2 check_data

detect_backe																	
filter_fails .																	
plot_res																	
rule																	
ruleset	 																
write_rules	 																

Index 10

 $bind_rules$

Programatically Combine a List of Rules and Rulesets into a Single Ruleset

Description

Programatically Combine a List of Rules and Rulesets into a Single Ruleset

Usage

```
bind_rules(rule_ruleset_list)
```

Arguments

```
rule_ruleset_list
```

a list of rules and rulesets you whish to combine into a single list

Value

a ruleset which consolidates all the inputs

check_data

Checks if a dataset confirms to a given set of rules

Description

Checks if a dataset confirms to a given set of rules

Usage

```
check_data(
    x,
    rules,
    xname = deparse(substitute(x)),
    stop_on_fail = FALSE,
    stop_on_warn = FALSE,
    stop_on_error = FALSE
)
```

dataverifyr_plus 3

Arguments

```
a dataset, either a data.frame, dplyr::tibble, data.table::data.table, arrow::arrow_table, arrow::open_dataset, or dplyr::tbl (SQL connection)

rules a list of rules

xname optional, a name for the x variable (only used for errors)

stop_on_fail when any of the rules fail, throw an error with stop

stop_on_warn when a warning is found in the code execution, throw an error with stop

stop_on_error when an error is found in the code execution, throw an error with stop
```

Value

a data.frame-like object with one row for each rule and its results

See Also

```
detect_backend()
```

Examples

```
rs <- ruleset(
  rule(mpg > 10),
  rule(cyl %in% c(4, 6)), # missing 8
  rule(qsec >= 14.5 & qsec <= 22.9)
)
rs
check_data(mtcars, rs)</pre>
```

dataverifyr_plus

Add Rules and Rulesets Together

Description

• allows you to add rules and rulesets into larger rulesets. This can be useful if you want to create a ruleset for a dataset out of checks for other datasets.

Usage

```
datavarifyr_plus(a, b)
## S3 method for class 'ruleset'
a + b
## S3 method for class 'rule'
a + b
```

4 detect_backend

Arguments

a the first ruleset you wish to add

b the second ruleset you wish to add

detect_backend

Detects the backend which will be used for checking the rules

Description

The detection will be made based on the class of the object as well as the packages installed. For example, if a data. frame is used, it will look if data. table or dplyr are installed on the system, as they provide more speed. Note the main functions will revert the

Usage

```
detect_backend(x)
```

Arguments

Х

The data object, ie a data.frame, tibble, data.table, arrow, or DBI object

Value

a single character element with the name of the backend to use. One of base-r, data.table, dplyr, collectibles (for arrow or DBI objects)

See Also

```
check_data()
```

```
data <- mtcars
detect_backend(data)</pre>
```

filter_fails 5

filter_fails

Filters a result dataset for the values that failed the verification

Description

Filters a result dataset for the values that failed the verification

Usage

```
filter_fails(res, x, per_rule = FALSE)
```

Arguments

res a result data.frame as outputted from check_data() or a ruleset

x a dataset that was used in check_data()

per_rule if set to TRUE, a list of filtered data is returned, one for each failed verification rule. If set to FALSE, a data.frame is returned of the values that fail any rule.

Value

the dataset with the entries that did not match the given rules

```
rules <- ruleset(
  rule(mpg > 10 & mpg < 30), # mpg goes up to 34
  rule(cyl %in% c(4, 8)), # missing 6 cyl
  rule(vs %in% c(0, 1), allow_na = TRUE)
)

res <- check_data(mtcars, rules)

filter_fails(res, mtcars)
  filter_fails(res, mtcars, per_rule = TRUE)

# alternatively, the first argument can also be a ruleset
  filter_fails(rules, mtcars)
  filter_fails(rules, mtcars, per_rule = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot_res

plot_res

Visualize the results of a data validation

Description

Visualize the results of a data validation

Usage

```
plot_res(
   res,
   main = "Verification Results per Rule",
   colors = c(pass = "#308344", fail = "#E66820"),
   labels = TRUE,
   table = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
res a data.frame as returned by check_data()
main the title of the plot
colors a named list of colors, with the names pass and fail
labels whether the values should be displayed on the barplot
table show a table in the legend with the values
```

Value

a base r plot

```
rs <- ruleset(
  rule(Ozone > 0 & Ozone < 120, allow_na = TRUE), # some mising values and > 120
  rule(Solar.R > 0, allow_na = TRUE),
  rule(Solar.R < 200, allow_na = TRUE),
  rule(Wind > 10),
  rule(Temp < 100)
)

res <- check_data(airquality, rs)
plot_res(res)</pre>
```

rule 7

rule

Creates a single data rule

Description

Creates a single data rule

Usage

```
rule(expr, name = NA, allow_na = FALSE, negate = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'rule'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

expr	an expression which dictates which determines when a rule is good. Note that the expression is evaluated in check_data(), within the given framework. That means, for example if a the data given to check_data() is an arrow dataset, the expression must be mappable from arrow (see also arrow documentation). The
	expression can be given as a string as well.
name	an optional name for the rule for reference
allow_na	does the rule allow for NA values in the data? default value is FALSE. Note that when NAs are introduced in the expression, allow_na has no effect. Eg when the rule as.numeric(vs) %in% c(0, 1) finds the values of vs as c("1", "A"), the rule will throw a fail regardless of the value of allow_na as the NA is introduced in the expression and is not found in the original data. However, when the values of vs are c("1", NA), allow_na will have an effect.
negate	is the rule negated, only applies to the expression not allow_na, that is, if expr = $mpg > 10$, allow_na = TRUE, and negate = TRUE, it would match all $mpg <= 10$ as well as NAs.
•••	additional arguments that are carried along for your documentation, but are not used. Could be for example date, person, contact, comment, etc
Х	a rule to print

Value

The rule values as a list

Methods (by generic)

• print(rule): Prints a rule

8 ruleset

Examples

ruleset

Creates a set of rules

Description

Creates a set of rules

Usage

```
ruleset(...)
## S3 method for class 'ruleset'
print(x, n = 3, ...)
```

Arguments

a list of rulesa ruleset to print

n a maximum number of rules to print

Value

the list of rules as a ruleset

Methods (by generic)

• print(ruleset): Prints a ruleset

write_rules 9

Examples

```
r1 <- rule(mpg > 10)
r2 <- rule(mpg < 20)
rs <- ruleset(r1, r2)
rs

rs <- ruleset(
  rule(cyl %in% c(4, 6, 8)),
  rule(is.numeric(disp))
)
rs</pre>
```

write_rules

Read and write rules to a yaml file

Description

Read and write rules to a yaml file

Usage

```
write_rules(x, file)
read_rules(file)
```

Arguments

```
x a list of rules file a filename
```

Value

the filename invisibly

Functions

• read_rules(): reads a ruleset back in

```
rr <- ruleset(
  rule(mpg > 10),
  rule(cyl %in% c(4, 6, 8))
)
file <- tempfile(fileext = ".yml")
write_rules(rr, file)</pre>
```

Index

```
+.rule(dataverifyr_plus), 3
+.ruleset (dataverifyr_plus), 3
arrow::arrow_table, 3
arrow::open_dataset, 3
bind_rules, 2
{\sf check\_data}, \textcolor{red}{2}
check_data(), 4-6
data.frame, 3
data.table::data.table, 3
{\tt datavarifyr\_plus}\,({\tt dataverifyr\_plus}),\,3
dataverifyr_plus, 3
{\tt detect\_backend}, {\tt 4}
detect\_backend(), 3
dplyr::tbl, 3
dplyr::tibble, 3
filter_fails, 5
plot_res, 6
print.rule(rule), 7
print.ruleset(ruleset), 8
read_rules (write_rules), 9
rule, 3, 7
ruleset, 8
write_rules, 9
```